## **CLAIMS**

Please amend the claims as follows.

- 1. (cancelled)
- 2. (currently amended) The method of Claim 118, wherein the flame retardant salt isconcentrate further comprises a perfluoroalkane alkali metal, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylammonium, or ammonium sulphonate.
- 3. (currently amended) The method of claim-118, wherein the concentrate further comprises a flame retardant salt, is wherein the flame retardant salt is sodium perfluoromethylbutane sulphonate, potassium perfluoromethylbutane sulphonate, tetraethyl ammonium perfluoromethylbutane sulphonate, sodium perfluoromethane potassium perfluoromethane sulphonate, sulphonate, tetraethyl ar monium perfluoromethane sulphonate, sodium perfluoroethane sulphonate, potassium perfluoro ethane sulphonate, tetraethyl ammonium perfluoro ethane sulphonate, sodium perfluoropropane sulphonate, potassium perfluoropropane sulphonate, tetraethyl ammonium perfluoropropane sulphonate, sodium perfluorohexane sulphonate, potassium perfluorohexane sulphonate, tetraethyl ammonium perfluorohexane sulphonate; sodium perfluoroheptane sulphonate, potassium perfluoroheptane sulphonate, tetraethyl ammonium perfluoroheptane sulphonate, sodium perfluoroctane sulphonate, potassium perfluoroctane sulphonate, tetraethyl ammonium perfluoroctane sulphonate, sodium perfluorobutane sulfonate, potassium perfluorobutane sulfonate, tetraethyl ammonium perfluorobutane, sodium dipherylsulfone sulphonate, potassium dipherylsulfone sulphonate, tetraethyl ammonium diphenylsulfone sulphonate, or mixtures comprising at least one of the foregoing flame retardant salts.
- 4. (currently amended) The method of claim 118, wherein the concentrate further comprises flame retardant salt is potassium perfluorobutane sulfonate, pocassium diphenylsulfone sulphonate, or a mixture comprising at least one of the foregoing flame retardant salts.

- 5 (cancelled)
- 6. (currently amended) The method of Claim 118, wherein the flame retardant saltpotassium perfluorobutane sulfonate is present in the concentrate in an amount from about 0.10 to about 5.0 weight percent based upon the total weight of the concentrate.
- · 7. (currently amended) The method of Claim 118, wherein the first polycarbonate is the same as the second polycarbonate.
- 8. (currently amended) The method of Claim 118, wherein the patassium perfluorolutane sulfonate flame retardant salt is present in the fire resistant polycarbonate composition in amounts of about 0.01 to about 1.0 weight percent based upon the total weight of the polycarbonate in the fire resistant polycarbonate composition.
- 9. (currently amended) The method of Claim <u>118</u>, wherein the <u>petassium</u> <u>perfluorol utane sulfonateflame retardant salt</u> is present in the fire resistant polycarbonate composition in amounts of about 0.05 to about 0.20 weight percent based upon the total weight of the polycarbonate in the fire resistant polycarbonate composition.
- 10. (currently amended) The method of Claim 118, wherein the <u>potassium</u> <u>perfluorobutane sulfonate-flame-rotardant salt</u> is present in the fire resistant polycarbonate composition in amounts of about 0.06 to about 0.12 weight percent based upon the total weight of the polycarbonate in the fire resistant polycarbonate composition.
- 11. (currently amended) The method of Claim 418, wherein the <u>potassium</u> <u>perfluorobutane sulfonate flame retardant salt</u> is present in the fire resistant polycurbonate composition in amounts of about 0.08 to about 0.10 weight percent based upon the total weight of the polycarbonate in the fire resistant polycarbonate composition.

12. (currently amended) The method of Claim 118, further comprising blending with the concentrate and second polycarbonate a filler, reinforcing agent, heat scabilizer, antioxidant, light stabilizer, plasticizer, antistatic agent, mold releasing agent, additional resin, blowing agent or combinations comprising at least one of the foregoing.

## 13. (cancelled)

14. (currently amended) The method of claim 118, wherein the cyclic scoxane is present in the flame fire resistant polycarbonate composition in an amount from about 0.01 to about 0.5 parts per hundred parts by weight of the polycarbonate in the fire resistant polycarbonate composition total resin.

15. (currently amended) The method of claim  $\pm 18$ , wherein the cyclic siloxane has the general formula (V)

wherein n is 0—7 and each R is independently an alkyl group having from 1 to about 36 carbons, an alkoxy group having from 1 to about 36 carbons, a fluorinated or perfluorinated alkyl or alkoxy group having from 1 to about 36 carbons, an arylalkoxy group having from 7 to about 36 carbons, an aryl group having from 6 to about 14 carbons, an aryloxy group having from 6 to about 14 carbons, a fluorinated or perfluorinated aryl group having from 6 to about 14 carbons, or an alkylaryl group having from 7 to about 36 carbons.

16. (currently amended) The method of claim <u>118</u>, wherein the cyclic siloxane is octaphenylcyclotetrasiloxane, hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane, octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane, decamethylcyclopentasiloxane, dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane, trimethyltriphenylcyclotrisiloxane, or tetramethyltetraphenylcyclotetrasiloxane.

- 17. (currently amended) The method of claim  $\pm 18$ , wherein the cyclic siloxane is octaphonylcyclotetrasiloxane.
- 18. (new) A method for reducing haze in fire resistant polycarbonate compositions, comprising:

blending potassium perfluorobutane sulfonate with a first polycarbonate  $\mathfrak D$  produce  $\epsilon$  concentrate;

pelletizing the concentrate; and

blending the pelletized concentrate with a second polycarbonate and a cyclic siloxane 10 form a fire resistant polycarbonate composition.